Appendix 11.3: Archaeological Sites within the Main SRFI Site revealed by Trial Trenching Evaluation (Figure 11.3)

Site Id No.	Site type	Period	Source	Site Description	Heritage Significance
EV 1	Enclosures and possible settlement	Iron Age and Medieval	HER Cropmark (MNN129366) Geophysical Survey (GS17), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded anomalies that were interpreted as a rectangular enclosure aligned north-west to south-east, with various small curved features inside it, and a smaller semicircular enclosure connected to its north-east corner. The remains had previously been recorded as a cropmark on aerial photographs (MNN129366). Trenching revealed the ditches of the south, west and northern sides of the main enclosure and eastern side of the semi-circular enclosure. Late medieval pottery and animal bone were recovered from the fills. The animal bone suggests that the site	Medium (buried remains of former Iron Age stock enclosure or settlement)
				could have been a stock enclosure. One of the curved features inside the enclosure appears to be the south side of a ring ditch, possibly a building. Iron Age pottery was recovered from the ditch fill. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.130m x 130m.	
EV 2	Settlement	Romano- British	Geophysical Survey (GS09), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded possible linear ditch features, which formed two sides of an L-shaped feature. Trial trenching revealed a series of linear and curved gullies and ditches and a deposit of cultivated soil. Roman pottery was recovered from the fills of these features. An unstratified Roman coin was also found. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.220m x 145m.	Medium (buried remains of a Romano-British settlement)
EV 3	Settlement or agricultural remains	Romano- British	Evaluation	A site of possible Roman settlement or agricultural remains represented by a ditch containing Roman pottery and an undated curved gully. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.100m x 100m.	Medium (buried remains, Romano-British settlement or agriculture)
EV 4	Agricultural remains	Undated	Evaluation	Irregular, narrow linear gullies, cut into the natural clay, were found below upstanding ridge and furrow. The gullies appear to be a field drainage system predating the medieval/post-medieval cultivation; possibly Overall the site covers an area measuring c.100m x 100m.	Medium (buried early agricultural remains)

Site Id No.	Site type	Period	Source	Site Description	Heritage Significance
EV 5	Settlement	Iron Age / Romano- British	Geophysical Survey (GS04), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded two square enclosures and a D-shaped enclosure, with a possible track that were interpreted as enclosures, field system and possible settlement remains of likely later prehistoric and Romano-British date. Trenching in this area identified the ditches of the central enclosure which were up to 1.35m deep and V-shaped containing Iron Age / Roman pottery. The remains of the north side of the track were also possibly identified. The west side of the D-shaped enclosure was found. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.170m by 70m.	Medium
					(buried remains of a Romano-British settlement)
EV 6	Field system	Romano- British	Geophysical Survey (GS03), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded a small group of possible linear and curvilinear ditch features and possible pits. Trial trenching revealed a group of shallow plough-truncated pits and linear ditches aligned north-south and east-west cut into natural sands. The whole area is likely to be a field system, possibly contemporary the Romano-British settlement at Lodge Farm (EV 8). A single fragment of pottery from one of the eastern ditches was dated to AD45-70. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.180m by 120m.	Medium (buried remains relating to settlement or agriculture, Roman)
EV 7	Settlement	Middle Iron Age / Romano- British	Geophysical Survey (GS01), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded a group of linear and curvilinear ditch features, possible pits and areas of increased positive anomalies over a fairly extensive area (EV 7 and EV 8). The anomalies were interpreted as a field system and possible settlement remains, the form of which appears consistent with later prehistoric and Romano-British periods. A concentration of pits and gullies was identified by trial trenching in this area. Two pits produced Iron Age and Middle Iron Age pottery. Eight further pits and a gully were not excavated. A ditch identified at the southern edge of the site is likely to be	Medium (buried remains relating to Middle Iron Age settlement)
				the enclosure ditch of the Roman field system extending into this field from the settlement to the south (EV 8). Overall the site covers an area measuring c.150m by 180m.	

Site Id No.	Site type	Period	Source	Site Description	Heritage Significance
EV 8	Settlement	Romano- British	Geophysical Survey (GS01), verified by evaluation	Geophysical survey recorded a group of linear and curvilinear ditch features, possible pits and areas of increased positive anomalies over a fairly extensive area (EV 7 and EV 8). The anomalies were interpreted as a field system and possible settlement remains, the form of which appears consistent with later prehistoric and Romano-British periods. In particular, a large rectangular enclosure was identified narrow rectangular subdivisions. A trench excavated inside this enclosure, close to one of the divisions exposed a linear ditch cut into natural sand which contained a large fragment from a vessel dating to AD1-70. Nearby were other linear features, one of which contained fragments of Roman glass. A trench further to the west, still inside the enclosure, revealed further linear features and sand extraction pits, one containing a fragment of Late Iron Age or Early Roman pottery. The south side of the rectangular enclosure was identified as a large 5m wide ditch in a trench excavated to the south. The ditch, which produced pottery dating to AD1-70 and been re-cut had a V-shaped profile. Five trenches excavated further to the south identified drainage ditches, gullies and pits which appear to relate to agricultural activity. To the north of the main rectangular enclosure, the geophysical survey identified another north-south enclosure c. 160m long and 70m wide that appears to be a series of fields projecting from the main settlement and extends into EV 7. Trenching in this area identified three ditches that appear to relate to the enclosure, though none produced pottery. A narrow gully to the south of these produced Iron Age pottery. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.250m by 180m.	Medium (buried remains relating to Romano- British settlement, possibly of high status)
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EV 9	Settlement	Middle Iron Age / Romano- British	Evaluation	An area of plough-truncated features including pits, ditches and gullies. The north part of the site is characterized by very shallow gullies and pits, one of which produced a fragment of Roman Greyware. The southern part of the site contained a series of circular pits, one of which contained an inhumation, a ditch to the west, further pits to the south and a spread of material containing Middle Iron Age pottery. At the south end of the site, a large shallow ditch across the south-facing slope of the hillside contained Roman pottery. On the north (upslope) side of this were pits, one containing a fragment of Roman greyware.	Medium
					(remains relating to Middle Iron Age and Romano-British settlement including burial)
				Overall the site covers an area measuring c.200m by 90m.	
EV10	Agricultural remains	Romano- British	Evaluation	A sparse concentration of gullies and pits found in fields to the east of the A5123. A single ditch produced pottery dating to AD120+. The features appear to be the plough-truncated remains of a Romano-British field system which is badly plough-truncated.	Low
					(sparse buried remains, Romano-British agriculture)
				Overall the site covers an area measuring c. 250m by 150m	

Site Id No.	Site type	Period	Source	Site Description	Heritage Significance
EV11	Settlement or agricultural remains	Undated	Geophysical Survey (GS15), verified by evaluation	A narrow and shallow undated linear gully coincides with the west side of two possible rectangular enclosures identified by geophysical survey. Evidence of the eastern enclosure ditch was not found. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.90m by 40m	Low (buried remains, undated)
EV12	Pond / palaeochannel	Undated	Geophysical Survey (GS15), verified by evalutation	An irregularly shaped pond or palaeochannel over 1m deep and 2.5m wide containing waterlogged wood and no dating. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.15m by 17m	Medium (potential early waterlogged
EV13	Field ditches	Romano- British	Evaluation	Three narrow gullies found on the east side of the railway to the south-east of Lodge Farm. Pottery dated one of the gullies to AD120. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.140m by 30m	Low (sparse buried remains, Romano-British agriculture)
EV14	Field ditch	Undated	Evaluation	An undated narrow gully found on the east side of the railway. The gully is likely to be for field drainage. Overall the site covers an area measuring c.10m by 0.7m	Low (sparse buried remains, undated agriculture)
EV15	Settlement remains	Undated	Evaluation	An isolated hearth and curved ditch on the north-facing slope of a small hill. The hearth and ditch both contained charcoal and may be contemporary Overall the site covers an area measuring c.15m by 15m	Medium (buried undated settlement activity)